



Ruler Redemptive

Biblical

Romans 12: 8-*proistemi* (προΐστημι, 4291), "to preside rule," also means "to maintain," Titus 3:8 and 14, "to maintain (good works)," "profess honest occupations" (kjv, marg.... "trades"). The usage of the phrase *kala erga* (good works) in the Pastoral Epistles is decisive for the rendering "good works1

The Greek word for "rules" (or "leads") is *ho proistemi*. It means literally "He that is placed in front," indicating a position of both authority and responsibility. Both of these go hand-in-hand in God's Kingdom and are tempered by a servant's heart.

The "leading" described by this word is NOT to be mistaken for simple **management**. Nor does it describe a gift that puts the person into a prominent public ministry.

Rather, it strongly indicates a requirement to lead for the good of the Body with a sense of personal responsibility. Hence, the exhortation to "lead with diligence".

The word translated as "diligence" means "prompt efficiency", "without delay", "a holy haste or zeal". All of this requires self-discipline and vigilance as to the condition of the flock.

Characteristics

Thrives under pressure and puts the people around him under the same pressure

This can be motivational or abusive

Is skilled at time management

Controls his time and gets the job done

Can be loose on ethics when the end justifies the means

Does not ask "why" questions

Pulls together a group based on loyalty to the mission

Causes the group to own a problem together

Can value loyalty more than competence per se

Can use imperfect people and draw the best out of them without allowing their brokenness to damage the goal of a project or group

Takes a vision and puts together an effective plan

Is an implementer, not a visionary

Is not into blaming himself or others

Wants to figure out how to fix it when something goes wrong

Is an empire-builder. Wants to make anything bigger and better

Doesn't look to others for solutions

¹ Vine, W. E., Unger, M. F., & White, W., Jr. (1996). In *Vine's Complete Expository Dictionary of Old and New Testament Words* (Vol. 2, p. 386). T. Nelson.

Owns his own problems

Does not look for help. Focuses on the immediate task

Is not easily distracted from a task

Can be task-oriented and fall short in nurturing, shepherding, and correcting what is spiritually wrong Involved in all kinds of projects

Enjoys diversity

Does not need the affirmation of other people when he has made up his mind

Can do a disproportionate amount of work with the given resources"

Struggles with doing things in his own strength versus relying on God's power and plan

Takes on more tasks than is normally possible to complete in the time that he has

Can struggle with proper focus. Is he doing the thing God called him to do, or is he just doing things to stay busy?

Is willing to be vindicated by God, and not man

Can withstand strong opposition

Not into details

Own their problems and do not have a welfare mentality

Big on loyalty – more important than competence of co-workers

Doesn't like to be micro-managed

Not in to blame – will figure out how to fix a problem and move on

Implementer – Take vision, break it down into pieces, and implement it

Nearly impossible to get ruler to partner with others unless loyalty is built

Expert in dealing with people and projects

Innate ability to measure character

Able to stand alone on an issue of principle or integrity

Believes the best in people

Has the skill to motivate people

Lead by working with and through others

Will often get the job done by organizing and delegating responsibility and authority to others

Major Weaknesses

Insensitivity

Since he is goal-oriented, he may fail to nurture those around him and may apply pressure without moderation

Ethics and integrity

The end justifies the means

Compromise

Can organize activities without sufficiently training others

Settling for his agenda instead of God's agenda



Biblical example of Ruler -

Nehemiah

Nehemiah serves as an example of superb leadership skills and heart motivation:

Leaders have a special feel for the cause of God's people (Neh 1:1-4).

Leaders have the ability to survey and define what needs to be done (Neh 2:12-17).

Leaders have the ability to break down major goals into smaller achievable tasks (Neh 3:1-32).

Leaders can take pressure and opposition and still proceed (Neh 4:1-23).

Leaders make things "easy" for others and are not a personal burden (Neh 5:14-19).

Leaders know how to delegate the authority needed to accomplish the responsibility given (Neh 7:1-2).

Joseph- Gen 30-40, Deborah - Judges 4-5, David - 1 SAM 16-31, Annas- Luke 3:2, John 18:13-24, James (brother of Jesus- Matt 13:55; Mark 6:3; Acts 12:17; 15:13; 21:18, Jairis - Matt 9:18; Mark 5:22-43; Luke 8:41-45, Noah, Solomon, Jeroboam, Nehemiah, Boaz, and Joseph

Discernment

